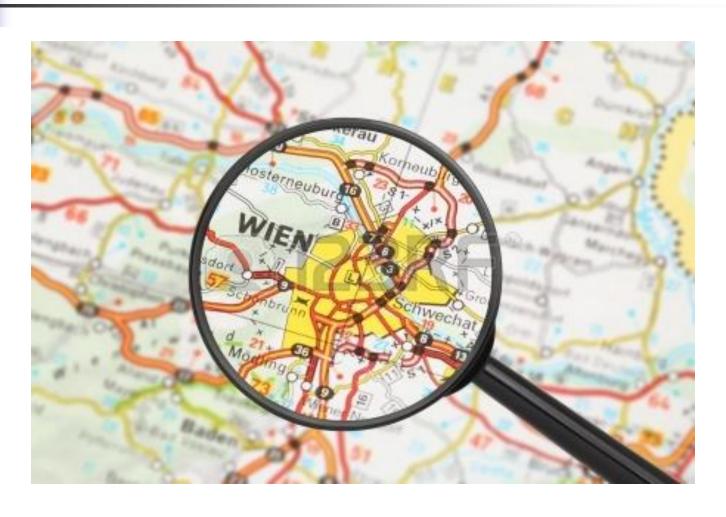
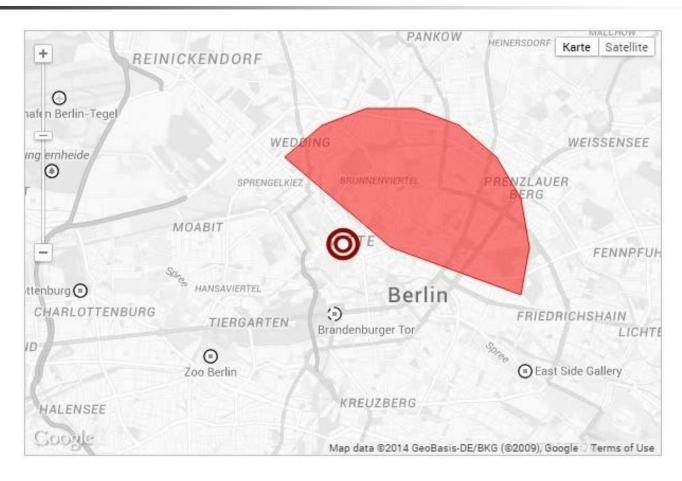
# On The Feasibility of Using Two Mobile Phones and WLAN Signal to Detect Co-Location of Two Users for Epidemic Prediction

Khuong Nguyen, Zhiyuan Luo & Chris Watkins

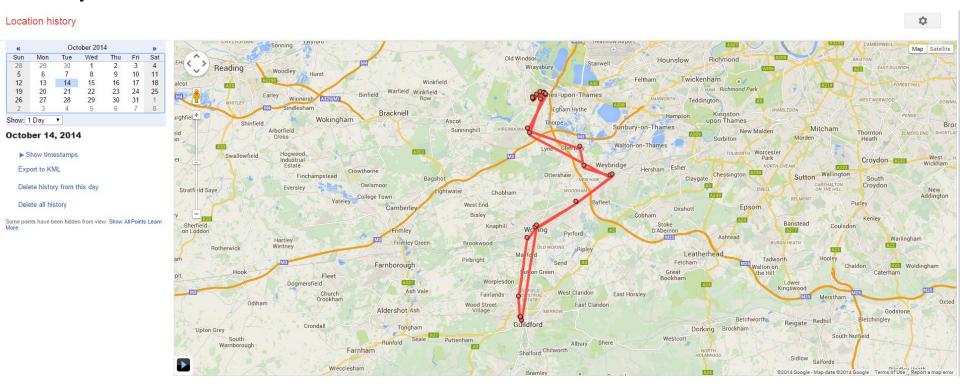
# Are we being tracked?



# Cellular mobile phone tracking

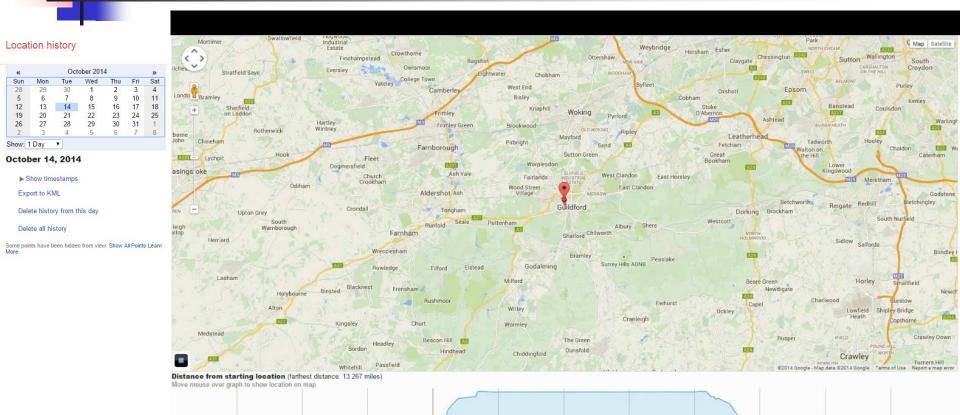


# Google Location History



https://maps.google.com/locationhistory

# Google Location History

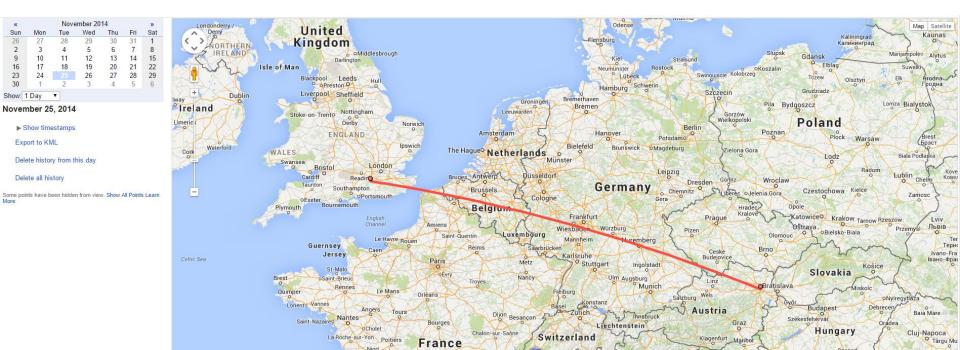


https://maps.google.com/locationhistory

12:00 PM

2:00 AM

# Google Location History



https://maps.google.com/locationhistory

Distance from starting location (farthest distance: 783.287 miles)



#### **Motivation**

- Revolution in communication technology
  - Mobile phones
  - Internet
  - GPS / WiFi / Bluetooth
- Most people carry a mobile phone
  - Smart phone



- Co-localisation is the process of tracking two entities in the same proximity at the same time.
- A physical contact between 2 persons may be regarded as a 'handshake' between the phones.



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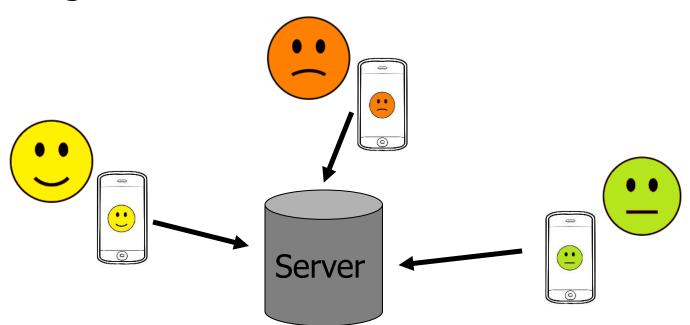








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- Reactive: find the origin of an outbreak.
- Pro-active: predict the severity of an epidemic, and the safety level for the user.
- "How can we detect when the 2 mobile phones are close?"

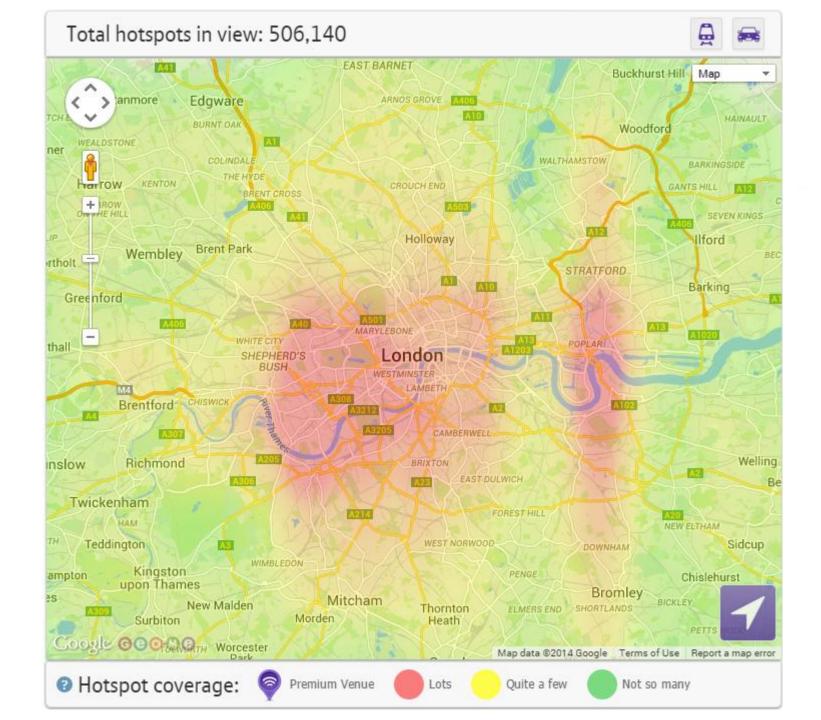


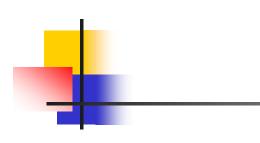
- Android app running in the background to record the WiFi signal.
  - no Bluetooth or GPS.
  - saving WiFi data into a local file.
- Consumes less than 30% of the total power when used continuously.



## Scanning modes

- Passive scanning: constantly listens for beacons.
- Active scanning: sends request to discover other devices.
- Hybrid mode:
  - Active scanning if moving.
  - Passive scanning if static.



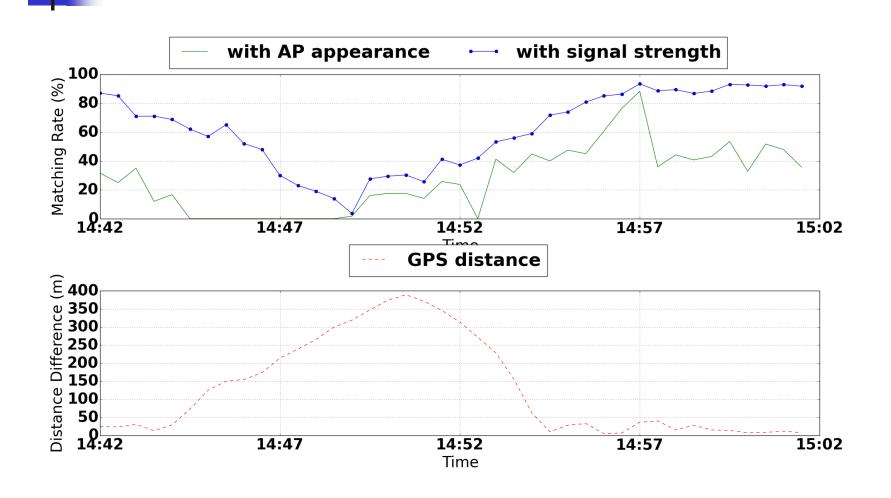




### Research question

Can 'matching rate' be constructed to reflect the corresponding GPS distance?





# Questions

# Thank you.